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Barry M. Prizant PhD, CCC-SLP

- 2014 Recipient of ASHA Honors of the Association, the highest recognition given by ASHA for its 150,000 members
- Adjunct Professor at Brown University
- International consultant, author, researcher and private practice director of Childhood Communication Services

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Emily Rubin MS, CCC-SLP

- Educational Outreach Specialist at the Marcus Autism Center in Atlanta, GA
- Specializes in Autism and Asperger's Syndrome
- Co-Author of the SCERTS Assessment Process

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Amy Laurent EdM OTR/L

- Co-Author of the SCERTS Model
- Specializes in Autism and related developmental disabilities

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PART ONE
The SCERTS
Model:
An Overview

Barry M. Prizant, PhD, CCC-SLP



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The SCERTS Model

Collaborators

Barry M. Prizant, PhD

Amy Laurent, EdM, OTR/L

Emily Rubin, MS, CCC-SLP

Amy M. Wetherby, PhD



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Today's Program

Part One:
Overview
Barry Prizant

Part Two:
Priority Domains
- SC & ER
Amy Laurent

Part Three:

Transactional Support & Implementation Emily Rubin

Wrap Up:
Barry Prizant

Q&A:

Moderated by Clay Whitehead

The SCERTS Domains

S - SOCIAL

C - COMMUNICATION

- EMOTIONAL

R - REGULATION

T - TRANSACTIONAL

- SUPPORT

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Example: Transactional Support (TS)

Research Basis of SCERTS Model

- ✓ Primary challenges in ASD
- ✓ Neurological differences in ASD
- ✓ Learning strengths in ASD
- ✓ Child and human development
- √ Impact of ASD on families
- ✓ Effective interventions
- √ Reports by people with ASD



Full Range of Ages, Disabilities & Abilities

Three Partner Stages

- 1. Social Partner
- 2. Language Partner
- 3. Conversational Partner







Social Partner Stage

Pre-symbolic:

Communication is through gestures and vocalizations



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Language Partner Stage

Symbolic:

Communication with speech, photos, pictures, sign language, speechgenerating devices



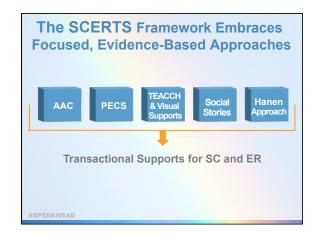
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Conversational Partner Stage

Sophisticated Language and Reciprocal Communication:

Sentence and discourse through speech or augmentative communication (AAC)





The Need for a Comprehensive Approach Selection of evidence-based approaches must ... ✓ Address a range of intervention priorities ✓ Be matched to a child's most critical priorities SCERTS addresses these needs Wong et al. 2013. Evidence Based Practices for Children, Youth, and Young Adults with Autim Spectrum Bioorder. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill



Core Values & Guiding Principles

#1Social communication and emotional regulation



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Multimodal Strategies for Teaching & Communications

Many forms of communication are valued:

- √ Gestures
- ✓ Pictures/Picture Symbols
- √ Sign Language
- ✓ Speech (Natural or Speech Generating Device (SGD))
- √ Written Language

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Core Values & Guiding Principles

#2

Goals and activities are developmentally appropriate and functional



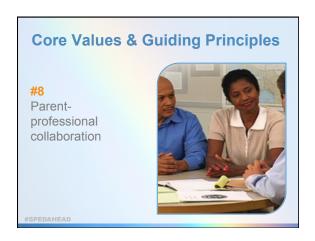
#3 Multiple objectives address interrelatedness of abilities

#4 All behavior serves social communication (SC) and/or emotional regulation (ER) functions

Core Values & Guiding Principles #5 Utilize unique strengths, interests and motivations

Core Values & Guiding Principles #6 Contexts for learning: routines at school, home, and in community

#7 Parents and students are treated with dignity and respect



Summary

- √ Child-centered (individualized)
- ✓ Developmentally grounded
- ✓ Team-based
- ✓ Activity-based
- √ Family-centered
- ✓ Evidence-based



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PART TWO Priority Domains in SCERTS

Amy C. Laurent, EdM, OTR/L

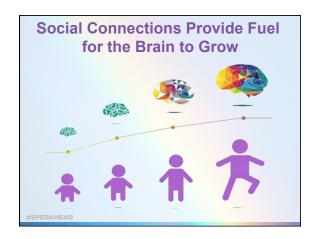


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Many Factors Underlie Behavioral Challenges Seen in Students

- ✓ Social connectedness difficulties
- ✓ Language difficulties
- √ Regulatory challenges
- ✓ Environmental attributes







How SCERTS Best Supports a Foundation of Social Connectedness Builds capacity to utilize and demonstrate social skills Provides a framework for selecting goals and objectives for active engagement and interaction Prevents and reduces problem behaviors

Social Communication (SC) Domain

Curriculum in social communication focuses on goals to help a child be increasingly competent, confident, and an active participant in social activities



SCERTS Curriculum: Scope & Sequence of Goals & Objectives

Used for both assessment and intervention

Assessment results lead to goals and objectives to include in educational plan

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Social Communication Components

Joint Attention Social reciprocity and motivation to communicate for a

range of purposes



Social Communication Components

Symbol Use
How a child
communicates and
plays with others –
developmental
sophistication



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Application of the SCERTS Framework to Identify Intervention Priorities: Partner Stages Before Words/ Pre Symbolic Emerging Language Conversational/ More Sophisticated Language Combining symbolspeoples' names, verbs, and nouns - to share intentions Building self-efficacy and social conventions Social Partner Stage Language Partner Stage Conversation Partner Stage



The Neurology of Social Competence at Emerging Language Stage

Write goals focused on social stimuli:

Acquiring socially-directed vocabulary

Acquiring nouns like names of teachers and peers help make connections to people and actions





Example of How Language Fuels Social Connectedness







The Picture Communication Symbols ©1981-2009 by Mayer-Johnson LLC. All Rights Reserved Worldwide. Used with permission.

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The Neurology of Social Competence at Conversational Stage

Priority is to increase child's success in social interactions

Goal is to build social understanding so child is able to modify behavior based on the environment



Emotional Regulation (ER) Domain

Supports a child's ability to regulate emotional arousal to meet the demands of the environment through:

- Self regulation
- Mutual regulation



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Self Regulation

Strategies a child has at his/her disposal to independently shift arousal and emotional state



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Mutual Regulation

How a child requests and responds to regulatory assistance offered by others



Emotional Regulation Linked to Problem Behavior

- ✓ Difficulty with emotional regulation and use of regulatory strategies underlie problem behavior
- ✓ Regulatory abilities develop simultaneously and are interconnected
- ✓ Partners play a critical role in influencing achievement

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Emotional Regulation Applying the SCERTS Framework to Identify Priorities Before Words/ Presymbolic Emerging Language Conversation/More Sophisticated Language - Metacognitive executive functioning Language to request assist Conventional sensory motor strategies Social Partner Stage Language Partner Stage Conversation Partner Stage Conversation Partner Stage

Social Partners

Shift priorities from "managing behavior" to "regulating emotion and arousal"

Write goals focused on learning to use effective sensory motor strategies



Language Partners

Shift priorities from "following directions" to "active engagement and selfguided behavior"

Write goals focused on using language and symbols to help engage and soothe





Conversational Partners

Shift priorities from "managing behavior" to "expanding repertoire of regulatory strategies"

Write goals focused on helping individuals reflect on and make better decisions to guide their behavior





"Behavior" is not the issue in autism. It is a by-product, the end result of autism. - Ros Blackburn



Supporting emotional regulation is a critical strategy for preventing problem behavior.

PART THREE Transactional Support & Implementation

Emily Rubin, MS, CCC-SLP



The SCERTS Model: Transactional Support

The **Transactional Support** domain of the SCERTS Model refers to:

Interpersonal and learning supports implemented to support a child's learning and development

Plans to support families and professionals

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The SCERTS Model: Interpersonal Supports

Communicative style adjustments to:

Encourage initiation

Model more conventional language

Teach children coping skills





The SCERTS Model: Learning Supports

Environmental arrangements to:

Entice children to engage in the social world

Remind children what to sav

Help children understand expectations

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Have high expectations for people with ASD, but with appropriate, and when necessary, high levels of support.

- Ros Blackburn



Essential Transactional Supports

Infusing motivating materials and topics in activities

- ✓ Using stage-specific support to enhance smooth transitions
- ✓ Using support to define the steps within activities
- ✓ Modeling stage-specific strategy to self-regulate
- ✓ Ensuring proactive
- √ accommodations





Infusing Motivating Materials & Topics in Activities Turning math into a fishing game Turning reading into social requests Turning reading into social requests





Using Stage-Specific Support to Enhance Smooth Transitions Between Activities

Using a written agenda to help a child with conversational language plan ahead for transitions

March 2, 2010 110 - 9:30 - Correct Paragra 1:30 - 10:15 - Writing 1:15 - 11:00 - Read Aloud 1:15 - 11:00 - Recess 15-12:30- math 12:30-12:50 - Word Study 12:50 - 1:30 - Lunch 1:30 - 2:00 - Ind. Read 2:00 - 2:30 - Library 2:30-3:30 - Mall

Using Support to Define the Steps Within Activities

Picture Sequence



Modeling Stage-Specific Strategies to Self-Regulate

Providing a space to self-soothe or "take a break" from social demands















SCERTS – An Environment for School Success

Progress in Social Communication and Emotional Regulation

- ✓ Is an important predictor of school success
- ✓ Prevents the development of problem behavior
- ✓ Supports positive relationships with peers/adults
- ✓ Progress in SC and ER is dependent on the systematic implementation of TS
- ✓ SCERTS provides the framework and guidelines to maximize success in school

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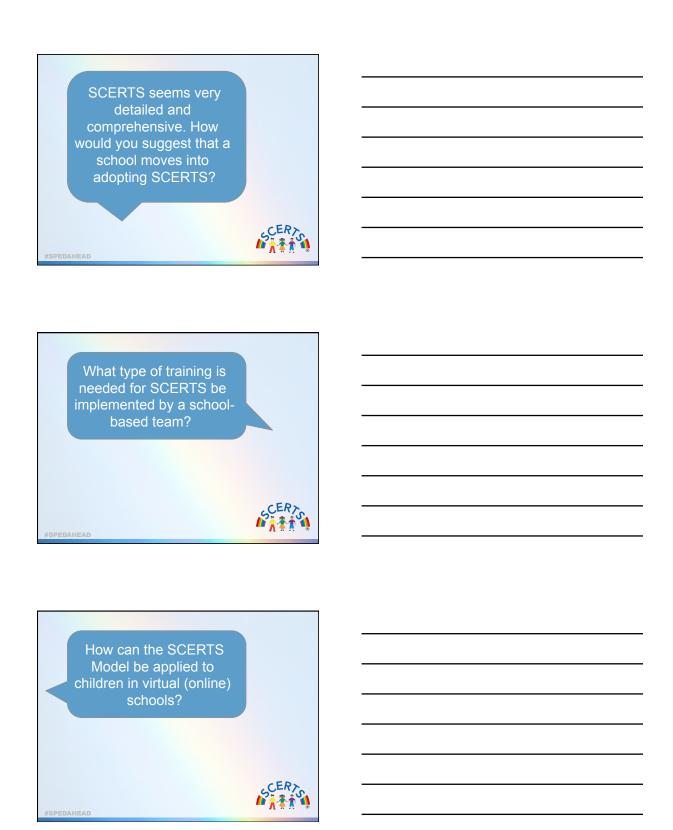


How is it possible to focus on Social Communication and Emotional Regulation with all the pressure for teachers to focus on academic performance?



How is SCERTS different from approaches that rely on behavior management strategies?
management strategies?
CERTS
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How do you convince colleagues
that focusing on emotional regulation is not simply letting
students get away with "bad behavior" without strict consequences?
consequences:
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Are the SCERTS strategies easily applied in a regular classroom
setting? For example, can transactional support strategies be
utilized in a general education environment with 24 kids?
SCERTS

Do you feel it is better to implement the SCERTS program in a few classes before introducing to the entire school to gauge success within the population? How do you measure progress in Social Communication and **Emotional Regulation?** SCERY How do you involve families? How do you help parents understand SCERTS?



How easily could these strategies be taught to and implemented by a general education teacher within a mainstream classroom? How would SCERTS be implemented during a group session? What would this look like? SCERYS How would you incorporate SCERTS with Positive **Behavior Intervention** Strategies (PBIS?) SCERY

Is the SCERTS Model something that the entire school community can use, or is it better used for individual students as part of their IEPs?



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Interested In Becoming An Online Provider?

FT and PT opportunities for:

SLPs OTs School Social Workers School Psychologists



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What To Expect Next

In the next few days, watch your email for:

- Certificate of Attendance for all attendees
- · Link to the recording of the webinar and follow-up materials

For ASHA CEU credit, PresenceLearning will submit:

- Webinar participation information to ASHA for people who have provided valid ASHA membership ID and contact info
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